2023 Amateur Athletic Union AAU Cheerleading Rulebook



Sports For All, Forever!

2023 AAU Cheerleading Rulebook

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	National Sport Committee Governance and Administration	. 4
	A. National Committee Structure and Procedures	. 4
	1. National Chair	. 4
	2. Executive Committee Composition	. 4
	3. National Sport Committee Composition	. 4
	4. Other Committee Positions	. 4
	5. Voting	. 4
	B. Sport Committee Meetings	. 4
	1. National Sports Committee Regular Meetings	
	2. Non-Regular Sport Committee Meetings	
	3. National Sport Committee Special Meetings	. 5
	4. National Sport Executive Committee Meetings	. 5
	5. Agenda Additions	. 5
II.	Sport Policies and Procedures	. 5
	A. Sportsmanship	
	B. Program Violations	
	C. No Guarantee Policy	. 5
III.	Sport Operations	. 6
		_
	A. Current Year Rule Changes	
	B. Event Operating Rules	
	1. General Safety Rules	
	2. District Qualifier Medals	
	C. Competition Rules	
	1. Qualifying Process	
	2. Eligibility	
	3. Categories of Competition	
	4. Rules and Restrictions	. 6
13.7	E (C AAUCI D 1	7
IV.	Excerpts from AAU Code Book	
	A. AAU Membership	
	1. Conditions for Membership	
	2. Categories of Membership	
	B. Membership and Residency	
	C. Eligibility	
	Participation Club Attachment	
	3. Transfers	
	D. Use of Logos and Trademarks E. Event Licenses	
	F. District Sport Committee Biennial Meetings	
	District Sport Committee Biennial Meetings District Sport Committee Biennial Meeting	
	ι	
	1	
	1. District Sports Committees	10

		2. Composition	10
		3. Duties	10
	H.	Functions of District Sport Director	11
		1. District Sports Director	
		2. Duties	11
		3. Removal	11
V.	Appe	endix	
	Α.	Cheer Solo & Duo Rules	13
	В.	Jump Solo Rules	
	Б. С.		
		Pom Squad Divisions, Guidelines and Deductions	13
	D.	Stunt Team Rules	
	E.	Exhibition Guidelines	
	F.	Executive Committee	18
	G.	District Map and Alignment	19
	H.	Definitions/Glossary	25
	I.	Level 1-5 Age Grid (Provided by The Open Championship)	
	J.	The Open Championship Rules & Policies	27

AAU Cheerleading Rulebook

PREAMBLE

The AAU Cheerleading National Committee has been established in order to promote the benefits of participation in athletics and hereby adopts these rules & regulations (subject to change) for the advancement of that purpose.

I. NATIONAL SPORT COMMITTEE GOVERNANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

A. National Committee Structure and Procedures

- 1. National Chair. National Sports Chair shall be elected by the National Sport Committee at the committee meeting during National Conventions in which National Officers are elected. Terms are four years. National election policies shall apply. National Sport Chairs can be removed for cause by a majority vote of the National Officers, subject to the Right of Appeal to the National Board of Review. The President, with the approval of a majority of the officers, may appoint a person to fill a vacant Sport Chair position. The appointee will serve until the next regular or special meeting of the Sport Committee, at which time an election shall be held to complete the term.
- 2 Executive Committee Composition. The Executive Committee shall conduct the business of the Cheerleading Committee in accordance with the rules and regulations of the AAU and the AAU Cheerleading Program. It shall include the National Chair, Secretary, Judging Coordinator, Director of Events, and Treasurer. All above mentioned positions shall be appointed by the National Chair every four years.
- 3. <u>National Sport Committee Composition</u>. The Committee will consist of the National Sports Chair, members of the Executive Committee who are elected, the elected or appointed Sport Director of each District, or a representative designated by the District Governor and one appointed representative from each Allied member that registers members in the sport. The President may appoint up to two (2) members-at-large.
 - be no voting by proxy. Each member of the Committee will have one vote. Only representatives from Districts which registered a minimum of .5% (a half percent) of the total number of athletes in that sport in the previous year shall be allowed to vote in the National Sport Committee meeting.
- 4. <u>Other Committee Positions</u>. The National Chair may appoint additional committee positions.

B. Sport Committee Meetings

1. <u>National Sport Committee Regular Meetings</u>. Regular Meetings of the National Sport Committee shall be in conjunction with the AAU Convention.

- 2 <u>Non Regular Sport Committee Meetings.</u> National Sport Committee may hold a Non-Regular National Sport Committee meeting in odd years subject to the following provisions:
 - **a.** The meeting is called by the Chair following approval of the National Office.
 - **b.** The National Office has the right to coordinate the meeting and pick the site for the meeting.
- 3. National Sport Committee Special Meetings. Special meetings of a Committee are scheduled at the request of the Chair or upon written request of at least one half (1/2) of the Committee members. Ten (10) days' notice is required and notice shall state the purpose of the meeting.
- 4. National Sport Executive Committee Meetings. The National Chair shall determine the date and location of Executive Committee Meetings.
- 5. Agenda Additions.
 - a. Sport Committee Meeting Order (Agendas). The Regular National Sport Committee meetings, the Non-Regular National Sport Committee meetings, and National Sport Committee Special meetings shall follow meeting order (agenda format) as established by Code (Bylaw 9.5)

II. SPORT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

- **A. Sportsmanship.** It is the obligation of coaches, players, administrators, volunteers and other representatives of the AAU to practice the highest principles of sportsmanship and to observe the ethics of competition. Good sportsmanship is defined as qualities of behavior, which are characterized by courtesy and genuine concern for others. The display of good sportsmanship is a statement of the individual's understanding and commitment to fair play, ethical behavior and integrity.
- **B.** <u>Program Violations</u>. Disciplinary action may be considered by the Districts, Sport Committee or the Executive Committee for any violations bringing discredit upon the AAU or any violation of any part of this Handbook or the AAU Code. In instances of alleged violations, Board of Review action may be taken against athletes, coaches, parents and/or clubs according to AAU Code. (Updated 10/12)
- C. No Guarantee Policy. The AAU cannot and does not guarantee the appearance and/or participation of specific participant(s) and/or teams (as applicable) in this event. The AAU has licensed (approved) this Event as an official AAU Event (competition), but the AAU is not and shall not be responsible for any participant's or spectator's expenses related to this Event (nor reimbursements for same) in case of dissatisfaction of any participant, friend, family, or spectator, this includes, but is not limited to all travel, hotel (lodging), food, entry fees and/or any other expenses related to the event.

III. SPORT OPERATIONS

A. Current Year Rule Changes.

- a. Age Grid
 - a. An updated age grid provided by The Open Championship and exceptions to what is provided can be found in Appendix I.

a. Event Operating Rules.

- i. General Safety Rules. The safety rules of The Open Championship.
- **ii. District Qualifier Medals.** AAU medals shall be used at any licensed district qualifying event. Medals must be purchased through the AAU medal program or the license shall be denied/voided.
- b. <u>Competition Rules</u>. Unless otherwise stated in this handbook the rules of competition shall be those of The Open Championship. Only those rules contained in this handbook shall supersede the general rules.
 - i. <u>Oualification Procedure.</u> The AAU National Championships is open to any participant meeting the membership and age requirements. No qualifying required.

ii. Eligibility

- 1. Age divisions follow the Open Championship Age Grid.
- 2. For the age grid, please visit Appendix I.
- 3. Will be the age used for competition throughout the 2023 membership year for all divisions.

iii. Categories of Competition.

- 1. Team, Pom Squad, Stunt Team, Solo Cheer, Jump, Exhibition
- 2. Levels 1-5
- 3. Small, Medium and Large Teams

iv. Rules and Restrictions.

1. The General Safety Rules and Routine Requirements of The Open Championship will apply.

IV. EXCERPTS FROM AAU CODE BOOK

A. AAU Membership. All participants must be a member of the AAU in order to participate in any AAU licensed event. Event Operators may not collect AAU membership money at any AAU licensed event.

Membership Requirements. Membership in the AAU is a privilege granted by the AAU. It is not a right. The AAU at its sole discretion reserves the right to accept or reject applicants for membership.

1. **Conditions for Membership.** Membership in any class may be granted only after an application is submitted and approved. By submitting an application, the applicant agrees to comply with all the provisions of the AAU Code, including its Constitution, Bylaws, policies, procedures and rules of the AAU.

2 Categories of Membership

- **a. District Member.** The organization chartered by the Congress to provide administrative services within a designated geographic area.
- **b. Club Member.** An organization or group that has been approved for membership after meeting the registration requirements of the Code.
- **c. Individual Member.** A person who has been approved for membership after meeting the registration requirements of the Code. Individual membership categories include:
 - i. Youth Athlete
 - ii. Adult Athlete
 - iii. Non-Athlete
- **d. Allied Member.** An organization or group approved by Congress which is engaged in athletics or sports-related activities.

B. Membership and Residency

- 1. Adult members will not be bound by residence requirements.
- 2. Youth members must register in the District of their bona fide residency, except as follows:
 - **a.** A youth member who resides in the county of one District that adjoins county of another District and who attends a school located in the adjoining county will have the option of registering in either District.

- **b.** A youth member subject to a written joint legal custody arrangement whose custodians reside in different Districts shall have the option of registering in either District.
- **c.** A bona fide student at an educational institution may be considered a resident of the District in which the institution is located.
- **d.** The National Board of Review will determine issues of residency.
- 3. Persons living outside the U.S. may register online or through the AAU National Office. The respective National Sports Committee rules shall govern their participation in AAU competitions.

C. Eligibility

- 1. **Participation.** A youth member may elect to participate in his or her District of bona fide residence or a District that geographically adjoins that District. Exception: In team events the National Sports Committee shall determine the number of youth members permitted to participate on a team from an adjoining District.
- 2. **Club Attachment.** A youth member becomes attached to a club member when he/she competes with that club in any AAU licensed event (practice not included). A youth member may be attached to only one club with the following exceptions:
 - **a.** An athlete may attach to additional clubs (one in each sport) if he/she participates in additional sports.
 - **b.** Participation in an AAU licensed league does not create club attachment.
- 3. **Transfers.** Athletes who transfer under this section are subject to National Championship eligibility restrictions as adopted by the National Sport Committee. After a youth member becomes attached to a club, he/she may only transfer to another club in the same sport as follows:
 - **a.** If the youth member has not competed in any AAU authorized events in that Sport for a period of sixty (60) days no permission is necessary.
 - b. If the representative of the club to which an athlete is attached signs a release form permitting an immediate transfer. (Athletes who transfer under this section are subject to National Championship eligibility restrictions as adopted by National Sport Committees.)
 - **c.** When the transfer is for the purpose of competing with a team which has qualified for a National Championship as provided by National Sport Committee rules.
 - **d.** If the Registrar determines there is good cause to believe that the transfer is due to events outside the control of the athlete or that the transfer serves the best interest of the AAU.

D. Use of Logos and Trademarks

1. **AAU Registered Marks.** The AAU name, mark, seal, logo, and other insignia (all "AAU marks") are protected through trademark registration and are defined as the intellectual property of the AAU. No person or entity may use

- the AAU's intellectual property without the prior and continued approval of the National AAU. Only those subordinates and affiliated organizations which are expressly authorized by the National AAU may use the intellectual property of the AAU. The National AAU may withdraw its approval to use its marks, in its sole discretion. Members shall immediately comply with notice to cease and desist from the use of the AAU's intellectual property. The unauthorized use of any of the intellectual property of the AAU is a violation of this policy as well as the (Federal) Lanham Act and may subject the member/entity to penalties set out in the AAU Code. If granted approval/permission to use any of the AAU marks, the limited right to use the marks shall be non-exclusive and the user shall not acquire any ownership in or of such mark(s).
- 2 Only chartered Districts, District Sport Committees and National Sport Committees may use the AAU marks in their name.
- 3. There are three (3) levels of AAU club membership. Level 1 AAU Clubs acquire no rights to use the AAU's intellectual property. Level 2 and Level 3 Clubs may use AAU's registered marks only as follows:
 - **a.** For the purpose of promoting an AAU licensed event.
 - **b.** For the purpose of promoting the club's AAU related activities.
 - c. Neither members nor clubs may use the name AAU in their legal name, domain name, email or any other name without the express written consent of the National AAU.
- 4. In the event of a dispute or conflict as to a member's/entity's claim(s) to use any of the intellectual property of the AAU, the Officers of the AAU shall decide and determine the dispute in their sole discretion.
- 5. No license will be granted by the AAU for any event where the word "Olympic" or any derivative thereof is used in any advertisement or notice in any manner in connection with AAU competition.

E. Event Licenses

- 1. No event shall be conducted under the auspices of the AAU unless a written license has been issued for the activity. A license is the written approval of the AAU for the conduct of the activity.
- 2 Only AAU members may participate in licensed events unless otherwise provided in the Bylaws.
- 3. Licenses may be issued to any club in good standing and which meets the membership criteria. A license should be reviewed by the District Sport Committee Director or the Governor if there is no District Sport Director. If the license is reviewed and rejected, the organization submitting the license application shall be notified.
- 4. No license shall take effect until approved or until the 15-day review

period has expired.

- 5. The National Registration Executive Committee has the authority to:
 - **a.** Issue a license in an unchartered District.
 - **b.** Issue a license for events in locations where there is no active District member.
 - c. Issue a license for events in Districts where there is no current active participation. (No District Championship in the prior membership year).
 - d. Issue a license for events directly sponsored by the National AAU or National Sports Committee (The National Sport Committee shall consult with the District Sports Director and Governor prior to seeking an event license.)
 - **e.** Review and approve any sanction license rejected by the District.
 - **f.** Revoke an approved license for good cause.
- 6. Event licenses issued to one organization cannot be transferred to another organization.
- 7. No event license will be issued for any event where the word "Olympic" or any derivative thereof is used in any advertisements or notice in connection with the event except upon the specific written approval of the Board of Directors.

F. District Sport Committee Biennial Meeting

- 1. **District Sport Committee Biennial Meeting.** It is the duty of the District Sport Committee to in event years hold a biennial meeting, the date, time and location shall be approved by the District Executive Committee. [Not the Sport Committee Executive Committee]
- Notice of District Sport Meetings. Notice of the biennial meetings of the District Sport Committee will be given to all clubs with members registered in the sport. Notice shall be sent not less than 30 or more than 60 days prior to the scheduled 1 meeting. In election years, the notice of election must be sent 60 days prior to the meeting.
- 3. **Quorum**. Five (5) member clubs with voting eligibility must be present to constitute a quorum of the Biennial Sport Committee meeting.
- 4. **Voting.** Each club with has registered at least five (5) individual members in the sport during the current year shall appoint one (1) representative to serve on the District Sport Committee. The representative shall be designated on the club membership application.
- 5. <u>Minutes of the meeting must be written and filed with the District</u> Secretary and the National AAU Compliance Department.

G. Functions of District Sport Committees

- 1. **District Sport Committees.** In each approved AAU sport in which the District has athletes actively participating, there may be a Committee to manage competition within the District.
- 2 **Composition.** The District Sport Committee shall include the following:
 - **a.** Each club member which registers at least five individual members in the sport shall have one representative on the District Sport Committee.
 - **b.** District Sport Committee Officers es as defined by that sport's operating rules.
 - **c.** The Governor may appoint up to two (2) at-large members.
- 3. **Duties.** The duties of the District Sport Committee are to:
 - a. In even years, hold a Biennial meeting, the date, time and location of which shall be approved by the District Executive Committee.
 - b. Adopt at the Biennial Meeting, rules of operation of the Committee to be submitted to the Executive Committee for approval and which shall not conflict with the provisions of the AAU Constitution, Bylaws, National Policies or National Sport Committee rules.
 - c. Determine whether to establish a Committee operating account and if so to comply with all relevant AAU procedures and policies.
 - **d.** Provide for the conduct of the District championships.
 - e. If the District Sport Committee is organized as an administration club under the AAU, it shall annually file the Location of Assets Report with the District Office, and forward a copy to the National Office.

H. Functions of the District Sport Director

- **District Sports Director**. In each approved sport in which the District has athletes actively participating, there may be a Director.
 - **Election**. In each sport in which five or more club members have designated the sport as its primary sport, the Director shall be elected by the Committee at its Biennial Meeting. The District Sport Director takes office upon election.
 - **b. Appointment.** When there are fewer than five clubs registered to the Sport, the Sport Director may be appointed by the Governor with the approval of the National Sport Committee Chair. The District Sport Director takes office upon election or upon appointment.
 - c. Term of Office. The term of office for an elected District Sport Director shall be four (4) years to run concurrently with the District Officers. Once elected, each District Sport Director is required to purchase a four (4)-year membership that will complete their term. The term of office for an appointed District Sport Director shall be one year or until removed by the Governor; or until the Sport

- Committee has met the criteria to elect a Director.
- **d. Vacancies.** A vacancy occurring in an elected District Sport Director shall be filled by the Governor with approval of the National Sport Committee Chair.
- 2. **Duties**. The Sport Committee Director shall:
 - **a.** Develop a budget for the Sport Committee to file with the District Treasurer;
 - **b.** Perform the duties set forth in the Committee Rules of Operation.
 - **c.** Review and approve, or for a reasonable cause deny event licenses in the sport.
 - d. Maintain records of the District Sport Committee, including but not limited to the minutes of all meetings, the budget, location of assets report (if required), and the District Sports Committee operating rules.
 - **e.** Preside at Sport Committee meetings;
 - f. Prepare, or have prepared, meeting minutes (which shall be approved at all District Sports Committee meetings). Forward a copy of all minutes to the National Office and District Secretary no later than 30 days following the District Sport Committee meeting.
 - g. File a copy of all records requested by the District Secretary and the AAU National Office Compliance Department no later than 30 days following District Sport Committee meetings.
 - **h.** At the conclusion of service as Sport Director, turn over all records to the successor to the position.
- 3. **Removal.** District Sport Directors may be removed as follows:
 - **a. By District Sport Committee**. An elected Sport Committee Director may be removed by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the Sport Committee at the Biennial meeting provided that the Notice of the meeting specifies that a motion to remove is on the agenda.
 - b. **By National Sport Chair.** Each National Sport Chair shall annually review the number of events held in their sport. If the minimum number of licensed days of activity, excluding practice licenses, is below the minimum established by the National Sports Council, the National Sport Chair may remove the District Director with consent of the Governor. If the District Governor does not agree with the removal, the President shall appoint an arbiter who will make the final decision, which shall be binding.
 - c. **By National Board of Review.** A Sport Director may be removed by order of the National Board of Review following the filing of a complaint and the Board's proceedings.
 - d. By the National Board of Review Chair after the failure of the District Sports Director to file minutes, reports and records as required by this article.

Appendix A

Cheer Solo and Cheer Duo Divisions

SOLO Age Groups: 5-6 years (Tiny), 7-8 years old (Mini), 9-11 years old (Youth), 12-14 years old (Junior), 15-18 years old (Senior)

Levels: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

DUO Age Groups: Same As Team Age Grid.

Males are allowed to compete in all divisions, and will compete against the females.

GUIDELINES

Athletes are judged on execution of all motions, dance, cheers, jumps, tumbling and vocals. Athlete's scores will reflect their performance regardless of response from crowd. We encourage teams to cheer for their athletes but this will not reflect in their score.

Routines cannot exceed one minute and forty-five seconds (1:45). Deduction of 10 points for overtime.

Cheer may be performed anywhere within the routine.

A deduction for absence of cheer, dance section and a minimum of 3 <u>different</u> jumps is 25 points per infraction.

Failure to have a minimum of one (1) tumbling series of 2 or more skills is a **10 point deduction**.

Athletes will be judged on overall use of floor space.

ROUTINE REQUIREMENTS

All routines must incorporate a cheer, a dance, tumbling skills, and a minimum of 3 different jumps.

All tumbling skills must follow Open Championships guidelines for levels 1-5

Appendix B.

JUMPS Rules

DIVISIONS WILL BE AGE LEVELS:

Age Groups: 5 & 6 years (Tiny), 7-8 years old (Mini), 9-11 years old (Youth), 12-14 years old (Junior), 15-18 years old (Senior)

1 single jump and 1 Combo jump required (combo jump is minimum of 2 jumps and maximum of 4)-
10 point deduction for each missing jump.
If more than 4 jumps performed in combo jump there will be a 10 point deduction
Jumps must begin from a single jump approach – 2 points deduction per occurrence
Jumps will be judged out of 10.00 per jump for a total out of 20.00
Tumbling in Jump Division will result in 10 point deduction per occurrence
Athletes will be judged based on the following criteria:
Overall tightness
Approach
Pointed toes
Straight Legs
Height
Clean landing
Speed
Chest position
Lift of legs

Music is not allowed.

Athletes must be positioned in center of competition floor prior to judges' signal.

Athletes can perform a spirited exit.

No Tumbling in Jump Division

Appendix C.

POM SQUAD TEAM GUIDELINES

All routines must be 2 minutes and 30 seconds (2:30) or less. Deduction of 10 points off total score for overtime.

- Routines must have a minimum 50% of the total squad perform a minimum of 3 different jumps and must incorporate a minimum of 2 different turns or leaps. Failure to meet this requirement will result in 25 points off total score. Routine will be judged based on timing, choreography, sharpness, over all use of floor space, expression and technique.
- 2. Teams are encouraged to incorporate high kicks, different dance styles, creative formations.
- 3. Squads must have use of poms for a minimum of 75% of the routine. Deduction-25 points per judge for failure to meet this requirement.

Pom Squad- Follows Open Championships age grid

Appendix D.

STUNT TEAM GUIDELINES

- 1. TIME: Each team will perform a (1.5) one and a half minute routine or less to demonstrate its cheerleading style and expertise in partner stunting.
- 2. BEGINNING OF ROUTINE: Routine must begin within the approx. 40 X 40 performance area. Routine may not begin in a pyramid or stunt- Deduction- 10 points.
- 3. MUSIC: Routines may not include at cheer. Deduction-25 points. Squads are required to bring a cd of their music.
- 4. VOCALS: No cheer or sideline chants, jumps and dance are permitted. Spontaneous vocals soliciting crowd response are acceptable. (25pts deduction off total score per occurrence)
- 5. PROPS: No additional props are permitted. Deduction-25 points.
- 6. ENDING OF ROUTINE: Timing will stop when your squad comes to a stationary position and a designated member(s) of your squad signals the timer verbally or by a wave/spirited exit that the routine is completed. Failing to signal the time keeper is a time infraction.
- 7. SCORING: Judged on a 10 point scale, judged out of 100 points.

AGE/LEVEL

** Same Ages as Teams ** (Open Championships Levels 1-5)

STUNT TEAM DIVISIONS:

Team 4-5 athletes-Female 4-5 athletes-Male

Team 4-5 athletes- Male and Female

CO-ED Partner 1 male, 1 female Partner 2 females or 2 males

Appendix E.

Exhibition Rules

AAU offers the opportunity for teams that do not want to compete against other teams the option to participate in Exhibition Performances and not receive a score.

Teams that perform in "exhibition" or "evaluation only" at an event must adhere to the Open Championship Age Grid and Level Rules as would any other team.

"Exhibition" or "evaluation only" status does not allow a team to violate the safety rules or age restrictions that have been put in place for all athletes.

APPENDIX F

AAU Cheerleading Executive Committee

National Chair - Cayla Myers

Phone: 217-347-2691

Email: caylas_stars@yahoo.com

Mail Address: 14222 East 1600th Ave. Effingham, IL 62401

<u>Judging Coordinator – Travis Williams</u>

Email: allstaradvocate@gmail.com

Committee Members

Danielle Outlaw Rae Ann Gore Kaylee Beals Bethany Adams

APPENDIX G

District Maps and Alignment



- **3 ADIRONDACK DISTRICT** (Organized January 31, 1920). That portion of New York State east and north of Broome, Cortland, Dutchess, Onondaga, Orange, Oswego and Sullivan Counties. Neighboring Districts: Connecticut, Middle Atlantic, New England, New York Metropolitan and Niagara.
- **56 ALASKA DISTRICT** (Organized December 3, 1965). State of Alaska. Neighboring Districts: None
- **48 ARIZONA DISTRICT** (Organized March 10, 1956). State of Arizona. Neighboring Districts: Colorado, New Mexico, Pacific Southwest, Southern Nevada, Southern Pacific and Utah
- **23 ARKANSAS DISTRICT** (Organized February 16, 1936). State of Arkansas and (added December, 1948) Bowie County, Texas.

Neighboring Districts: Southeastern, Southern, Southwestern, Oklahoma, Missouri Valley and Ozark

12 -CENTRAL DISTRICT (Organized 1890). Illinois, except Calhoun, Greene, Jersey, Madison, Monroe and St. Clair Counties (counties of Calhoun, Greene, Jersey, Madison, Monroe and St. Clair given to Ozark District, with reservation that all judo therein to be controlled by Central District).

Neighboring Districts: Wisconsin, Iowa, Ozark, Kentucky and Indiana

- **46 CENTRAL CALIFORNIA DISTRICT** (Organized 1952). Counties of Fresno, Inyo, Kern, Kings, Madera, Mariposa, Merced, Mona, Tulare in the State of California. (Territory re-aligned, December, 1963). Neighboring Districts: Pacific, Southern Nevada and Southern Pacific
- **32 COLORADO DISTRICT** (Organized November, 1906). State of Colorado. (Territory re-aligned December, 1963, 1965, 1968. Renamed October, 2004.)

Neighboring Districts: Wyoming, Nebraska, Missouri Valley, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arizona and Utah

- **5 CONNECTICUT DISTRICT** (Organized September 17, 1929). State of Connecticut. Neighboring Districts: Adirondack, New England and New York Metropolitan
- **14 FLORIDA DISTRICT** (Organized January, 1925). Florida, except Miami-Dade (official county name has been changed to Miami-Dade), Broward, that part of Hendry County West of Route 833 and Palm Beach Counties. (Territory re-aligned, December 1958, 1959, 1963, 1972, and 1999.) Neighboring Districts: Florida Gold Coast, Georgia and Southeastern
- **50 FLORIDA GOLD COAST DISTRICT** (Organized December 30, 1959). Counties of Broward, Miami-Dade (official county name has been changed to Miami-Dade), that part of Hendry County East of Route 833, and Palm Beach Counties. (Territory re-aligned, December 1958, 1959, 1963, 1972 and 1999.) Neighboring Districts: Florida
- **45 GEORGIA DISTRICT** (territory realigned September, 1989). State of Georgia Neighboring Districts: Florida, North Carolina, Southeastern and South Carolina
- **25 GULF DISTRICT** (Organized March 6, 1931). That part of the State of Texas bounded on the North and including the counties of Angelina, Houston, Leon, Nacogdoches, Robertson and Shelby; on the East by the State of Louisiana; on the South by the Gulf of Mexico and on the West by and including the counties of Austin, Brazos, Colorado, Fort Bend, Grimes, Matagorda, Robertson, Waller, Washington and Wharton. (Territory re-aligned September, 1992.)

Neighboring Districts: Southern, Southwestern and South Texas

39 - HAWAIIAN DISTRICT (Organized November, 1910). State of Hawaii.

Neighboring Districts: None

- **16 INDIANA DISTRICT** (Organized August 22, 1919). All of State of Indiana excepting Clark, Dearborn and Floyd Counties with the reservation that all wrestling therein be controlled by the Indiana District. Neighboring Districts: Central, Kentucky, Michigan and Ohio
- **35 INLAND EMPIRE DISTRICT** (Organized April 25, 1937). State of Washington, counties of Adams, Asotin, Benton, Chelan, Columbia, Douglas, Ferry, Franklin, Garfield, Grant, Kittitas, Klickitat, Lincoln, Okanogan, Spokane, Stevens, Walla Walla, Whitman and Yakima County. State of Idaho, State of Nevada, counties of Elko, Eureka and White Pine. (Territory re-aligned September, 1987.)

Neighboring Districts: Pacific Northwest, Pacific, Oregon, Southern Nevada, Utah, Wyoming and Montana

- **40 IOWA DISTRICT** (Organized January 15, 1939). State of Iowa. Neighboring Districts: Minnesota, South Dakota, Wisconsin, Missouri Valley, Nebraska, Ozark and Central
- **41 KENTUCKY DISTRICT** (Organized February 27, 1939). The Commonwealth of Kentucky and Clark and Floyd County in the State of Indiana (except for the sports of wrestling, boys and girls basketball). (Territory realigned, September, 1987; October 2003).

Neighboring Districts: Central, Indiana, Ohio, Ozark, Southeastern, Virginia and West Virginia

18 - LAKE ERIE DISTRICT (Organized January 5, 1931 As Northeastern Ohio District. Name changed at 1956 Convention). The Counties of Ashland, Ashtabula, Belmont Columbiana, Crawford, Cuyahoga, Erie, Geauga,

Huron, Jefferson, Lake, Lorain, Mahoning, Medina, Portage, Richland, Seneca, Stark, Summit, Trumbull, Tuscarawus and Wayne. (Territory re-aligned December, 1960 and September, 1991.)
Neighboring Districts: Ohio and Western Pennsylvania

9 - MARYLAND DISTRICT (Organized, 1981). State of Maryland (except the counties of Montgomery and Prince Georges.) (Territory re-aligned December, 1968.)

Neighboring Districts: Potomac, Virginia, West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Middle Atlantic

19 - MICHIGAN DISTRICT (Organized November, 1923). State of Michigan. (Territory re-aligned December, 1962 and October, 1971.)

Neighboring Districts: Indiana and Ohio

8 - MIDDLE ATLANTIC DISTRICT (Organized 1906). New Jersey, south of Mercer and Monmouth County; all of the State of Delaware and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, east of and including Bedford, Centre, Clinton and Potter Counties (Territory re-aligned December, 1962.)

Neighboring Districts: Adirondack, New Jersey, New York Metropolitan, Niagara, Western Pennsylvania and Maryland

30 - MINNESOTA DISTRICT (territory realigned September, 1989). State of Minnesota.

Neighboring Districts: Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wisconsin

28 - MISSOURI VALLEY DISTRICT (Organized February 14, 1931). All of Kansas and that portion of the western part of the state of Missouri including and bounded by Adair, Audrain, Benton, Callaway, Christian, Cole, Greene, Hickory, Macon, Montineau, Morgan, Polk, Randolph, Schuyler and Taney. (Territory re-aligned December, 1962.)

Neighboring Districts: Iowa, Nebraska, Colorado, Oklahoma, Arkansas and Ozark

31 - MONTANA DISTRICT (Organized February 15, 1936). State of Montana.

Neighboring Districts: Inland Empire, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wyoming

29- NEBRASKA DISTRICT (Organized June 26, 1922). State of Nebraska. (Territory re-aligned September, 1986.)

Neighboring Districts: South Dakota, Wyoming, Colorado, Missouri Valley and Iowa

2 - NEW ENGLAND DISTRICT (Organized, 1890). New Hampshire, Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Vermont. (Territory re-aligned September, 1987.)

Neighboring Districts: Adirondack and Connecticut

7 - NEW JERSEY DISTRICT (Organized April 21, 1930). New Jersey north of and including Hudson, Mercer and Monmouth Counties.

Neighboring Districts: Middle Atlantic and New York Metropolitan

42 - NEW MEXICO DISTRICT (Organized May 29, 1947). State of New Mexico and the counties of Brewster, Culbertson, Crockett, El Paso, Hudspeth, Jeff Davis, Presidio and Terrell in the State of Texas. (Territory re-aligned September, 1988.)

Neighboring Districts: Colorado, Utah, Arizona, West Texas, South Texas and Oklahoma

6 - NEW YORK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT (Organized, 1890). New York, south of and including Dutchess, Orange, Sullivan and Ulster Counties; also the Canal Zone. (Renamed October, 2004) Neighboring Districts: Adirondack, Connecticut, Middle Atlantic and New Jersey

4 - NIAGARA DISTRICT (Organized September 27, 1919). State of New York west of and including Broome, Cortland, Onondaga and Oswego Counties.

Neighboring Districts: Adirondack, Middle Atlantic and Western Pennsylvania

13 - NORTH CAROLINA DISTRICT (Organized December 5, 1965). State of North Carolina.

Neighboring Districts: Georgia, South Carolina, Southeastern and Virginia

- **52 NORTH DAKOTA DISTRICT** (Organized December 1, 1962). State of North Dakota Neighboring Districts: Minnesota, Montana and South Dakota
- 17 OHIO DISTRICT (Organized May 1, 1923). State of Ohio (except the counties of Ashland, Ashtabula, Belmont, Columbiana, Crawford, Cuyahoga, Erie, Geauga, Huron, Jefferson, Lake, Lorain, Mahoning, Medina, Portage, Richland, Seneca, Stark, Summit, Trumbull, Tuscarawus and Wayne); and the Dearborn County in the State of Indiana. (Territory re-aligned, December, 1959, 1960, 1962,1963, and October, 2003). Neighboring Districts: Indiana, Lake Erie, Michigan, Kentucky, West Virginia and Western Pennsylvania
- **27 OKLAHOMA DISTRICT** (Organized February 23, 1936). State of Oklahoma. Neighboring Districts: Missouri Valley, Colorado, New Mexico, West Texas, Southwestern and Arkansas
- **37 OREGON DISTRICT** (Organized September 23, 1935). State of Oregon and the following counties of Washington: Clark, Cowlitz and Skamania. (Territory re-aligned September, 1987.) Neighboring Districts: Inland Empire, Pacific and Pacific Northwest
- **22 OZARK DISTRICT** (Organized, 1935). Missouri east of and including the following counties, Camden, Dallas, Douglas, Knox, Miller, Monroe, Montgomery, Osage, Ozark, Pike, Scotland, Shelby, including the city of St. Louis, and Webster. Counties of Calhoun, Greene, Jersey, Madison, Monroe and St. Clair in Illinois with reservation that all judo therein be controlled by Central DISTRICT. (Territory re-aligned December, 1962.) Neighboring Districts: Arkansas, Central, Kentucky, Iowa, Missouri Valley and Southeastern
- **38 PACIFIC DISTRICT** (Organized, 1890). The State of California, north of but not including the counties of Fresno, Madera, Mariposa, Merced, Mono and San Luis Obispo and the Counties of Churchill, Douglas, Humboldt, Lander, Lyon, Mineral, Ormsby, Pershing, Storey and Washoe in the State of Nevada. (Territory re-aligned December, 1961 and December, 1962 and 1963.)

Neighboring Districts: Central California, Inland Empire, Oregon, Southern Nevada and Southern Pacific

- **36 PACIFIC NORTHWEST DISTRICT** (Organized June, 1905). Washington, west of but not including Chelan, Kittitas, Okanogan and Yakima Counties and north of but not including Cowlitz, Klickitat and Skamania Counties. Neighboring Districts: Inland Empire and Oregon
- **44 PACIFIC SOUTHWEST DISTRICT** (Organized December 10, 1949, as Southwest Pacific Border DISTRICT. Name changed at 1956 Convention). Imperial and San Diego Counties, California. Neighboring Districts: Arizona and Southern Pacific
- 10 POTOMAC VALLEY DISTRICT (Organized October 15, 1929). All territory within the District of Columbia, counties of Montgomery and Prince Georges in the State of Maryland, and counties of Arlington and Fairfax and cities of Alexandria and Falls Church in the Commonwealth of Virginia. (Territory re-aligned December 1968. Formerly District of Columbia District. Renamed December, 1972.)

 Neighboring Districts: Maryland and Virginia
- **61 PUERTO RICO DISTRICT** (Organized September 8, 1984). Puerto Rico and U.S. Virgin Islands. Neighboring Districts: None
- **55 SOUTH CAROLINA DISTRICT** (Organized December 5, 1965). State of South Carolina. Neighboring Districts: Georgia and North Carolina
- **54 SOUTH DAKOTA DISTRICT** (Organized December 4, 1964). State of South Dakota. Neighboring Districts: Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota and Wyoming
- **43 SOUTH TEXAS DISTRICT** (Organized November 12, 1945). That part of the State of Texas bounded on the East by and including the counties of Burleson, Fayette, Jackson, Lavaca, Lee, Milam and; on the South by the Gulf of Mexico and the Republic of Mexico; on the West by and including the counties of Schleicher, Sutton and Val

Verde, and on the North by and including the counties of Bell, Burnett, Coryell, Falls, Lampasas, Llano, Mason and Menard. (Territory re-aligned December, 1961, 1963 and September, 1992.)

Neighboring Districts: Gulf, Southwest, South Texas, New Mexico and West Texas

- **15 SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT** (Organized August 13, 1951). The State of Alabama and the State of Tennessee. (Territory re-aligned December 1958, December 1972, September 30, 1989 and September 1999) Neighboring Districts: Kentucky, Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Southern, Arkansas and Ozark
- **24 SOUTHERN DISTRICT** (Organized, 1892). The State of Louisiana and the State of Mississippi. www.saau.org

Neighboring Districts: Southeastern, Arkansas, Gulf and Southwestern

- **49 SOUTHERN NEVADA DISTRICT** (Organized January 15, 1959). Counties of Clark, Esmeralda, Lincoln, Nyle, all within the State of Nevada. (Territory re-aligned December, 1961, 1962.) Neighboring Districts: Inland Empire, Utah, Arizona, Central California, Pacific and Southern Pacific
- **33 SOUTHERN PACIFIC DISTRICT** (Organized November, 1909). Including the counties of Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara and Ventura all within the State of California. (Territory re-aligned October, 1973.)

Neighboring Districts: Arizona, Central California, Pacific, Pacific Southwest, Southern Nevada

26 - SOUTHWESTERN DISTRICT (Organized May 8, 1936). That part of the State of Texas bounded on the South but not including the counties of Angelina, Brown, Callahan, Coryell, Falls, Houston, Lampasas, Leon, Milam, Mills, Nacogdoches, Robertson and Shelby; on the East by the State of Louisiana, State of Arkansas and the county of Bowie, Texas; on the North by the State of Oklahoma and the county of Bowie, Texas and on the West by the counties of, but not including Foard, Hardeman, Haskell, Jones and Knox in the State of Texas. (Territory realigned September, 1992.)

Neighboring Districts: Oklahoma, Arkansas, Southern, Gulf, South Texas and West Texas

- **34 -UTAH DISTRICT** (Organized November, 1910). State of Utah. (Territory re- aligned December, 1978.) Neighboring Districts: Inland Empire, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona and Southern Nevada
- **12 VIRGINIA DISTRICT** (Organized December 9, 1934). Commonwealth of Virginia (except the Counties of Arlington and Fairfax and cities of Alexandria and Falls Church.) (Territory re-aligned December, 1968.) Neighboring Districts: Potomac Valley, West Virginia, Kentucky, Southeastern and North Carolina
- 11 WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA DISTRICT (Organized November 16, 1917). All counties in Pennsylvania west of Bedford, Centre, Clinton, Huntingdon and Potter Counties and the Counties of Brooke, Hancock, Marshall and Ohio in West Virginia. (Territory re-aligned December, 1959 and September, 1991.) Neighboring Districts: Middle Atlantic, Niagara, Maryland, West Virginia, Ohio, and Lake Erie
- **47 WEST TEXAS DISTRICT**(Organized 1952). All that part of the State of Texas bounded on the South side and including the counties of Concho, Irion, McCulloch, Pecos, Reeves, Regan, San Saba, Tom Green and Upton; on the West by the State of New Mexico; on the North by the State of Oklahoma; on the East by the State of Oklahoma and by and including the counties of Brown, Callahan, Foard, Hardeman, Haskell, Jones, Knox, Mills and San Saba in the State of Texas. (Territory re-aligned December, 1961; October, 1976.)

 Neighboring Districts: Oklahoma, New Mexico, South Texas and Southwestern
- **51 WEST VIRGINIA DISTRICT** (Organized February 28, 1960). The State of West Virginia. (Territory realigned December 1963, October 1973 and October 2003) Neighboring Districts: Maryland, Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Kentucky and Virginia
- **20 WISCONSIN DISTRICT** (Organized June 6, 1935). State of Wisconsin. (Territory re-aligned December, 1964 and September 30, 1989)

Neighboring Districts: Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa and Central

58 - WYOMING DISTRICT (Organized December 9, 1968). State of Wyoming. Neighboring Districts: Montana, South Dakota, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah and Inland Empire

APPENDIX H

Definitions/Glossary

AAU Code - The AAU Code is the collective reference to the Constitution, Bylaws, National Policies, National Sports Committee rules and District Sport Committee rules and regulations. The AAU Code is available at www.aausports.org.

Athlete - A person who participates in an AAU sports activity as defined by the appropriate AAU Adult or Youth Sports Committee in regards to eligibility, rules, age, gender, etc.

Membership - An agreement to participate under the rules, regulations, Code, policies and procedures of the AAU. Membership entitles participation; it does not create agency, or authorize member(s) to be spokesperson(s) on behalf of AAU.

Non-Athlete - A person who participates in the AAU in an administrative role such as Administrator, Bench Personnel, Coach, Instructor, Manager, Official, Team Leader, Tournament Director, Volunteer or other who supports the sport's activity but does not compete as an athlete.

Practice - For the purpose of sanctioning, a practice is organized and/or regularly scheduled sessions supervised at all times by a registered AAU non-athlete and conducted for the purpose of preparing, training, instructing and conditioning only AAU registered athletes for AAU competitions. Tryouts and scrimmages are included as long as they meet requirements of the above definition. Practices do not require a separate sanction application but are included in the AAU Club Membership (Level 1, 2 and 3).

License - The written approval of the AAU to authorize registered athletes to participate in a specific competition or activity.

Scrimmage - A practice of an AAU club or with AAU athletes or another club. A scrimmage does not qualify as a practice if an admission fee is charged or the officials are paid. Scrimmage results must not affect the team/club standings or rankings.

Supervision - Supervision requires that an AAU registered coach/instructor be physically present at all times at the practice premises or site during each practice session.

Appendix I

The competitive AAU Cheerleading competitions follow The Open Championship Series Age Grid and divisions with the following exception: AAU Cheerleading only goes through level 5.

To access this age grid, please visit the following link: https://openchampionshipseries.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/06/The-Open-Age-Grid-1.pdf

The Open Championship Series

Cheerleading Rules & Guidelines 2022-23



TABLE OF CONTENTS

General Rules & Routine Requirements		
All Level General Rules		
Level 1 Rules	5	
Level 2 Rules	8	
Level 3 Rules	10	
Level 4 Rules	14	
Level 5 Rules	18	
All Star Prep CHAMPIONSHIPS	21	
All Star Novice	21	
International Divisions	21	

GENERAL RULES & ROUTINE REQUIREMENTS

- 1. All skills permitted in a level include all skills permitted in the previous level. If a skill is **prohibited** in a level is also **prohibited** in the previous level(s)
- 2. Athlete safety is of the utmost importance when performing any skills. Coaches should encourage expertise before skill progression.
- 3. Any equipment used to enhance the height of an athlete is prohibited.
- 4. Mandatory spotters for all skills must be a member of the team performing/competing.
- 5. The athletes that begin the routine must remain on the floor throughout the performance. Athletes are **prohibited** from being replaced by another athlete during the routine performance.
- 6. Athletes are **prohibited** from having any edible or non-edible item in their mouth during routine performance.
- 7. Soft & solid-soled shoes are mandatory while performing/competing.
- 8. All forms of jewelry are **prohibited** while performing routine. All jewelry must be removed, cannot be taped over, or covered up. Medical ID Tags/bracelets are the **EXCEPTION**.
- 9. Props are not required to be in routine performance. Flags, banners/signs, poms, and megaphones allowed. If teams would like to use a prop that is not the items listed previously, the prop must be approved by the event producer per each event. Props with poles or of such are **prohibited** from being used in stunts or tumbling skills.
- 10. Routine time will begin with the first movement, beat of music, or voice. Time will end with the last movement, beat of music, or voice.
 - a. All Star Divisions (includes Elite/International/Performance Cheer): 2:30
 - b. All Star Prep: 2:00
 - c. All Star Novice: 1:30
 - d. Non-Tumbling: 2:00
 - e. Global Divisions: 3:30 (Maximum 40 sec. for opening Cheer, Maximum 20 sec. transition to music section, 2:30 for music section)
- 11. Athletes must have a minimum of one (1) foot, hand, or body part on the performance floor at the start of the routine. **Exception**: If the bases have hands resting on the performance floor prior to the beginning of the routine, flyers are permitted to have fee/foot in bases hand(s)
- 12. Participants wearing a hard cast are not permitted to be involved in stunts, tumbling, jump,tosses, or pyramids. Soft casts, supports, and braces that are unaltered from the manufacturer do not require any additional padding and can be used for all skills.

GENERAL RULES

All level rules must be used with Level Specific Rules and General Rules. General rules apply to levels 1-6

All Level General Rules

A. All Level General Rules

- 1. Athletes are permitted to jump and/or rebound over another athlete
- 2. Knee, Seat, Front, Back and Split drops from a skill are **prohibited** unless there is support on the hands or feet. Support on the hands or feet will help break the impact onto the performance floor.

All Level Tumbling

A. All Level Tumbling - General Rules

- 1. All tumbling skills must start and end on the performance floor.
- 2. Athlete may rebound from tumbling skill into a stunt transition
 - a. If athlete rebound includes an over the head rotation, the athlete must be caught in an upright position before continuing the transition or stunt.
- 3. It is **prohibited** for athletes to tumble under or over another athlete, prop, or through a stunt.
- 4. It is **prohibited** for athletes to hold or contact props while performing a tumbling skill.

All Level Stunts

A. All Level Stunts - General Rules

- 1. Extended stunts (single based or assisted single based) are **prohibited** in Tiny, Mini and Youth divisions. Stunts may transition through an extended level without a clear and visible stop and must end at the prep level.
- B. All Level Stunts Release Move Rules
 - 1. Release Skills:
 - a. Athlete must return to the bases that he/she started the stunt skill with.
 - b. Athletes cannot land on the performance floor without assistance from another athlete.
 - c. Athletes cannot travel intentionally.
 - d. Athletes cannot land or end in an inverted position.
 - e. Athletes cannot travel under, over or through other stunts, pyramids, props, or other athletes.
 - f. Releases which result in the athlete in a non-upright position require:
 - i. Multi-based stunt: Three (3) catchers
 - ii. Single-based stunt: Two (2) catchers
 - g. Height of the release parameters:
 - i. Highest point of the release
 - i. Distance from the flyers hips to the main/side base extended arms.
 - 2. Assisted or free flipping transitions and stunts are **prohibited**.

EXCEPTION: International Level 6

- 3. Single based split catches are **prohibited**.
- C. All Level Stunt Inversion Rules
 - 1. Athletes that are in an inverted/backbend position on the performance floor cannot contact a flyer.

All Level Pyramid

A. All Level Pyramid - General Rules

- 1. Must follow Stunts & Dismount rules. Allowed two (2) high only structure
- 2. Flyers must receive main support from a base. **EXCEPTION**: Release Moves
- 3. Any pyramid release skill is permitted if it stays connected to a base and required support athlete.
- 4. Flyers primary weight cannot be carried solely at second level. Pyramid transitions must be continuous.
- 5. Support Athlete/Connections are required to make contact prior to the start of the skill.

All Level Dismounts

A. Dismounts

- 1. To be considered a Dismount the skill must end in a cradle position or end on the performance floor via a release with an assisted support athlete.
- 2. Cradles from single based stunts must have a spotter with a minimum of one (1) hand/arm supporting the shoulder to waist section of the flyer's body to protect the head and shoulders.
- 3. Multi-based stunts are required to have two (2) catchers and a spotter (see above spotters duties)
- 4. Multi-based stunts which the bases start under the flyer's feet and cradle at waist level must follow all toss rules.
- 5. All dismounts must end with the starting or original bases.
 - **EXCEPTION**: Assisted dismounts that end on the performance floor must be performed by the spotter or original base.
 - **EXCEPTION**: Pop offs do not require assistance on discount when below waist level.
 - **EXCEPTION**: Single based stunts with more than one flyer.
- 6. Stunt, pyramid, athlete, or prop is not allowed to travel under or over a dismount. Dismount is **prohibited** from being thrown over, under or through pyramids, athletes, stunts or props.
- 7. Intentional traveling on a dismount is **prohibited**.
- 8. Flyers cannot be in contact with one another when released for dismount.
 - **EXCEPTION**: Single based stunts with more than one flyer.
- 9. Tension rolls/drops are prohibited.

All Level Tosses

A. All Level Tosses (Level 2-6 Youth-Senior)

- 1. Tosses are required to have:
 - a. Both feet of the flyer must be in/on the hands of bases with the toss begins.
 - b. Only one (1) flyer is allowed per toss group
 - c. Flyers must be released and remove all contact from bases, support athlete(s) and other persons to be considered a toss.
 - d. All toss groups must have a minimum of three (3) bases but no more four (4) bases.
 - e. All bases must have both feet on the performance floor.
 - f. Spotter/base must be behind the flyer during the toss and can assist the flyer.
 - g. Spotter must be positioned at the flyers head for the cradle
 - h. Bases/Spotters must remain stationary during toss. Tosses cannot intentionally travel.
 - **EXCEPTION**: Bases may turn ¼ or ½ for level appropriate twisting skills.
 - i. Must not flip, travel, or invert.
 - j. Other stunts, pyramids, athletes or props cannot travel under or over a toss.
 - k. Tosses cannot be thrown over, under or through any other stunts, athletes, pyramids or props.

LEVEL 1

These rules are level specific and in addition to the General Rules.

Level 1 Tumbling

A. Standing / Running Tumbling

- 1. All tumbling skills are required to have constant contact with the performance floor
- 2. Skills Allowed:
 - a. a. Forward / backward rolls (no dive rolls), cartwheels/block cartwheels, round Offs, Backbends, walkovers, and handstands
- 3. Skills cannot be combined with round off or round off rebound
 - a. There must be a clear and visible stop between round off or round off rebound and the next tumbling skill performed.
- 4. Handsprings (Front & Back) are prohibited.

Level 1 Stunts

A. Stunts - Spotter

- 1. Spotter is mandatory for each flyer at prep level and above
- 2. Spotter is mandatory for each flyer in a floor stunt. Spotters are allowed to grab the flyer's waist.
- 3. The center base can be considered a spotter in an extended v-sit if they are positioned to protect the flyers head and shoulders.
- 4. Skills that do not require a spotter: shoulder sits, T-Lifts, or stunts where flyer is only supported at the waist.

B. Stunts - General

- 1. One (1) base at minimum must maintain contact with the flyer.
- 2. Leap frogs and variations of this skill are prohibited.
- 3. Single based stunts with more than one flyer is prohibited.
- 4. A stunt, pyramid, or athlete cannot travel over or under another stunt, pyramid, athlete or prop.

 This refers to an athlete's torso or head moving over or under the torso or head of another athlete, not their arms or legs.
- 5. Flyer cannot travel under or over the torso or head of another flyer in any other stunt or pyramid, separate or not

C. Stunts - Level

- 1. Waist level Single leg stunts
- 2. Prep Level single leg stunts are permitted but must include:
 - a. Flyer be connected to another athlete standing on the performance floor. This athlete cannot be the base(s) or spotter.
 - b. Connection must be made before the single leg prep stunt is initiated. Connection is hand/arm to hand/arm.
- 3. Walk up should stands are permitted
- 4. All stunts are **prohibited** from exceeding prep level.

EXCEPTION: Two legged stunts may travel through extended level in a continuous transition without a clear and visible stop at the extended level.

D. Stunts - Twisting

1. Maximum to 1/4 twist.

- 2. Rebounding to prone, ½ twist to stomach is permitted.
- 3. ½ wrap around stunt is permitted.
- 4. Maximum ½ twist is permitted if the flyer starts and ends on the performance floor and is supported only at the waist.
- E. Stunts Release
 - Prohibited unless stated in level 1 dismounts.
- F. Stunts Inversions
 - 1. Inversions of any kind are **prohibited**.

Level 1 Pyramids

A. Pyramids - General

- 1. Connection/brace is required and must remain connected throughout the transition. The connection/brace athlete must also stay the same throughout.
- 2. A stunt, pyramid, or athlete cannot travel over or under another stunt, pyramid, athlete or prop. This refers to an athlete's torso or head moving over or under the torso or head of another athlete, not their arms or legs.
- 3. Flyer cannot travel under or over the torso or head of another flyer in any other stunt or pyramid, separate or not
- B. Pyramids Levels
 - 1. Two (2) Leg Extended stunts:
 - a. Support athlete connection is required to a flyer at prep level or below with arm/hand connection
 - b. Flyers at prep level, support athletes are required to be in a shoulder sit, flat back, straddle lift, shoulder stand or have both feet in the bases' hands.
 - c. Cannot be connected to other extended level stunts
 - 2. Prep level single leg stunts
 - a. Required to be supported by minimum one (1) athlete at prep level or below with hand/arm connection.
 - b. Prep level support athletes are required to be in a shoulder sit, flat back, straddle lift, shoulder stand or have both feet in the bases' hands.
 - 3. Extended single leg stunts are **prohibited**.
- C. Pyramids Release Move
 - 1. When a flyer is released by the bases, the flyer must land in a cradle or dismount to the performance floor following the dismount rules.

Level 1 Dismounts

A. General

- 1. 0 Twists (including ¼ turns)
- 2. Dismounts are **prohibited** from skills above prep level in pyramids
- B. Dismounts to Cradles
 - 1. Straight cradles only.
 - 2. Sponge, Load In, Squish and waist level cradles are **prohibited**.
- C. Dismounts to Performance Floor
 - 1. Straight pop downs only

Level 1 Tosses

A. Toss - General

1. All tossed are **prohibited** (includes waist level cradles and sponge tosses).



LEVEL 2

These rules are level specific and in addition to the General Rules.

Level 2 Tumbling

- A. Tumbling General
 - 1. Dive rolls are permitted. Swan/arched position or twisting dive rolls are **prohibited**.
 - 2. Twisting or turning after a back handspring step out is **prohibited**. Feet must come together after completion of the skill before twisting or turning. Example: Back handspring step out -> ½ turn = Illegal
 - 3. Flips and aerials are prohibited.
 - 4. Twisting while airborne is prohibited.
- B. Tumbling Standing Tumbling
 - 1. Front/back handspring series are **prohibited**.
 - 2. Jump skills connected with a handspring(s) are **prohibited**.
- C. Tumbling Running Tumbling
 - 1. Front and Back handspring series are permitted.

Level 2 Stunts

- A. Stunts Spotter
 - 1. Spotters are mandatory for all flyers:
 - a. Above prep level
 - b. Floor Stunt: The spotter is allowed to hold the flyers waist
- B. Stunts General
 - 1. One (1) base at minimum must remain in contact with the flyer during transitions.
 - 2. Multiple flyers on a single based stunt is prohibited.
 - 3. A stunt, pyramid, or athlete cannot travel over or under another stunt, pyramid, athlete or prop. This refers to an athlete's torso or head moving over or under the torso or head of another athlete, not their arms or legs.
 - 4. Flyer cannot travel under or over the torso or head of another flyer in any other stunt or pyramid, separate or not
- C. Stunts Level
 - 1. Single leg stunts above prep level are prohibited.

EXCEPTION: Single leg stunts may travel through an extended level in a continuous transition without a clear and visible stop at the extended level.

- D. Stunts Twisting
 - 1. Maximum ½ twists are permitted.

EXCEPTION: One (1) full twisting log/barrel roll is permitted but must:

- a. Start and end in cradle
- b. Assisted by a base
- c. Cannot be assisted by another flyer
- d. The single twist is the only skill allowed, other skills cannot be included.
- E. Stunts Release Move
 - 1. Release moves are **prohibited** other than those listed in Level 2 Dismounts and Tosses.

EXCEPTION: One (1) full twisting log/barrel roll is permitted but must:

a. Start and end in cradle

- b. Two (2) catchers required for single-based log rolls. Three (3) catchers required for multi-based log rolls.
- c. Required to return to original bases.
- d. Cannot be assisted by another flyer
- e. The single twist is the only skill allowed, other skills cannot be included.

F. Stunts - Inversions

- 1. Ground level inversion transitions to a non-inverted position are the only inversions permitted.
- 2. Inverted athletes are required to maintain contact with the performance floor unless the flyer is being lifted into a non-inverted position.

Level 2 Pyramids

A. Pyramids - General

- 1. A support athlete/connection(s) is mandatory and must remain the same and stay connected through the entirety of the transition.
- 2. A stunt, pyramid, or athlete cannot travel over or under another stunt, pyramid, athlete or prop. This refers to an athlete's torso or head moving over or under the torso or head of another athlete, not their arms or legs.
- Flyer cannot travel under or over the torso or head of another flyer in any other stunt or pyramid, separate or not.
- 4. Extended level stunts are **prohibited** to connect to other extended level stunts.

B. Pyramids - Level

- 1. Extended single leg stunts must:
 - a. Be supported by another flyer at the prep level or below with arm/hand connection.
 - b. Support athletes for prep level flyers must be in shoulder sit, flat back, straddle lift, shoulder stand or have both feet in the base's hands.

C. Pyramids - Release Move

- 1. When a flyer is released by the bases, the flyer must land in a cradle or dismount to the performance floor following the dismount rules.
- 2. Release moves are **prohibited** to be supported or connected to a flyer above the prep level.

Level 2 Dismounts

A. Dismounts to Cradle

- 1. Straight cradles and ¼ twist cradles are permitted.
- 2. Body Positions (Pike, Toe touch, etc.) are **prohibited**.
- 3. Waist level cradles are **prohibited** in Mini Division.

B. Dismounts to Performance Floor

1. Straight pop downs only

Level 2 Tosses

A. Tosses - General

- 1. Straight ride tosses only. Exaggerated arch is **prohibited**.
- 2. Arm positions such as a wave or a salute are allowed if the flyers body and legs are in the straight ride position.
- 3. Tosses are **prohibited** in the Mini Division (includes waist level cradles and sponge tosses).

LEVEL 3

These rules are level specific and in addition to the General Rules.

Level 3 Tumbling

- A. Tumbling General
 - 1. Dive rolls are permitted. Swan/arched position or twisting dive rolls are **prohibited**.
- B. Tumbling Standing Tumbling
 - 1. Front/back handspring series are permitted
 - 2. Flips and Jump skills connected with a flip(s) are **prohibited**.
 - 3. Twisting while airborne is prohibited.
- C. Tumbling Running Tumbling
 - 1. Flips
 - a. Back Flips can be performed if:
 - i. Tumbler is in tuck position and no additional skills are performed
 - ii. Tumbler connects the back flip from a round off or round off back handspring(s)
 - 2. Aerials, ¾ front flips and running punch fronts/forward tucks (tumbling prior to punch front/forward tuck is **prohibited**) are permitted.
 - 3. Tumbling after a flip or aerial is prohibited.
 - 4. Twisting while airborne is **prohibited** with the **EXCEPTION** of an aerial.

Level 3 Stunts

- A. Stunts Spotter
 - 1. A spotter is mandatory for all flyers above prep level.
 - 2. Single base stunts with more than one (1) flyer require a spotter for each top person (One spotter per one flyer).
- B. Stunts General
 - 1. One (1) base at minimum must remain in contact with the flyer during transitions.
 - **EXCEPTION**: See release moves
 - 2. A stunt, pyramid, or athlete cannot travel over or under another stunt, pyramid, athlete or prop. This refers to an athlete's torso or head moving over or under the torso or head of another athlete, not their arms or legs.
 - 3. Flyer cannot travel under or over the torso or head of another flyer in any other stunt or pyramid, separate or not
- C. Stunts Level
 - 1. Single leg extended stunts are permitted.
 - 2. Extended single leg stunts cannot be supported by other extended level stunts
- D. Stunts Twisting
 - 1. Maximum one (1) twist permitted.
 - 2. One (1) full twist transition must start and end from prep level or below
 - 3. Exceeding a ½ twist to and from an extended level position is **prohibited**.
- E. Stunts Release Move
 - 1. Release moves are required to:
 - a. Begin at waist level or below
 - b. End at prep level or below.

- 2. Release Moves are **prohibited** form:
 - a. Pass through or end inverted.
 - b. Release from inverted to non-inverted.
 - c. Travel above the base's extended arm levels.

 If the distance is more than the length of the flyer's legs, it is required to follow toss or dismount rules.
 - d. Flyers cannot encounter other flyers in separate release skills/moves.
- 3. Releases ending in a non-upright position are required to:
 - a. Have three (3) catchers for a multi based stunt.
 - b. Have two (2) catchers for a single based stunt.
- 4. Skills performed during a release move are limited to:
 - a. One (1) skill / trick.
 - b. 0 Twists.
- 5. Log/Barrel Rolls
 - a. Maximum one (1) twist.
 - b. Required to land in a cradle, or a flat back or prone position.
 - c. Required to have two (2) catchers for a single-based log roll. Multi based log rolls much have three (3) catchers.
- 6. Helicopters are prohibited.

F. Stunts - Inversions

- 3. Inversion Levels
 - a. Inverted stunts above shoulder level are prohibited except for multi-baes suspended rolls.
 - b. Multi based suspended rolls are required:
 - i. Roll to cradle, start in load in positions, flat body prep level stunt, or the performance floor
 - ii. Both flyers' hands must be connected to separate hands of the base(s)
- 4. Twisting inversions
 - a. Maximum one (1) twist to prep level and below.
 - b. Maximum ½ twist to extended level.
 - c. Multi-based forward rolls:
 - i. Maximum one (1) twist is permitted.
 - ii. Forward rolls that exceed ½ twist are required to land in cradle position.
 - d. Multi-based suspended backward rolls cannot twist.
- 5. Downward inversions
 - a. Downward inversions are permitted to twist at waist level and are required:
 - i. Two (2) catchers in contact with shoulder to waist region of flyer.
 - ii. Remain in contact with the original base.
 - iii. Cannot travel through prep level and then become inverted below prep level.
 - b. Two leg pancake stunts are **prohibited**.

Level 3 Pyramids

A. Pyramids - General

- 1. A stunt, pyramid, or athlete cannot travel over or under another stunt, pyramid, athlete or prop.

 This refers to an athlete's torso or head moving over or under the torso or head of another athlete, not their arms or legs.
- 2. Flyer cannot travel under or over the torso or head of another flyer in any other stunt or pyramid, separate or not.
- 3. Extended single leg stunts cannot be supported/connected by other extended level stunts.

B. Pyramids - Twisting

- 1. One (1) twist is permitted up to extended level.
 - a. Connection to a support athlete at prep level or below and a base is required
 - b. Arm/Hand to Arm/Hand is required connection to support athlete
 - c. Connection/support athletes must remain connected throughout the transition. The connection/support athlete must also stay the same throughout.

C. Pyramids - Inversions

- 1. Must follow Stunt Inversion Rules
- 2. Flyer is allowed to travel through an inverted position if:
 - a. Flyer maintains contact with a base that is stationary on the performance floor and a support athlete in prep level.
 - b. If the skill starts and ends at prep level or below, the base that maintains contact with the flyer is permitted to extended their arms during the transition
 - c. The support athlete but maintain connection with the flyer throughout the transition

D. Pyramids - Release Move

When a Flyer is released by the bases during a transition (pyramid section) and does not follow the rules stated below, the flyer is required to land in a cradle or dismount to the performance floor and follow the dismount rules.

- 1. During transition (pyramid section), the flyer is permitted to pass above two (2) high and perform:
 - a. Level 3 Stunt release skills or dismounts if:
 - i. Connected to one (1) support athlete at prep level or below.
 - b. Maximum one (1) twist if:
 - i. Connected to two (2) support athletes at prep level or below with arm/arm connection.
 - c. Non-Twisting/Non-Inverted Release moves if:
 - i. Connected to two (2) different support athletes at prep level or below.
 - ii. Connected to one (1) support athlete by arm/hand to arm/hand.
 - iii. Connected to a second support athlete by arm/hand to arm/hand or arm/hand to foot/below the knee.
 - iv. Supported on two (2) separate sides by two (2) different support athletes
 - v. Supported on two (2) of the four (4) sides of flyer (front, back, right, left)
- 2. Contact must remain with the same support athlete(s) until contact is made with base on the performance floor.
- 3. Release transitions are **prohibited** from change bases.
- 4. Release transitions are required to be caught by two (2) catchers:
 - a. Must be stationary
 - b. Requires constant visual contact with flyer throughout the entire transition
- 5. Release moves are **prohibited** from being supported/connected to flyer above prep level

6. Pyramid transitions **prohibit** the inclusion of inversions when released from bases.

Level 3 Dismounts

A. Dismounts - General

- 1. Maximum one (1) skill is permitted from any two-leg stunt dismount.
- 2. Maximum 1-1/4 twist is permitted from any two leg-stunt dismount
- 3. Prep level and above dismounts that contain a skill (twist/toe touch) must be caught in a cradle
- 4. Inverted position dismounts are prohibited.

B. Dismounts to Cradle

- 1. Maximum 1½ twists are permitted from all two leg stunts (does not include platform position)
- 2. Straight and ¼ twist cradles are permitted from single leg stunt.
- 3. When performing a cradle from a single based stunt with more than one (1) flyer:
 - a. Two (2) catchers must catch each flyer.
 - b. Catchers and bases must be stationary prior to the start of the dismount

C. Dismounts to Performance Floor

- 1. Straight pop downs from any single leg stunt is permitted
- 2. Straight pop downs from any prep level or higher two-leg stunt is permitted
- 3. Maximum one (1) skill dismount from waist level two leg stunt is permitted

Level 3 Tosses

D. Tosses

- Maximum one (1) skill is permitted and cannot exceed 1 ¼ twist EXCEPTION: Ball-X toss is permitted
- 2. If toss contains a twist this is the only skill permitted to be performed.

CHAMPIONSHIPS

TM

LEVEL 4

These rules are level specific and in addition to the General Rules.

Level 4 Tumbling

- A. Tumbling General
 - 1. Dive rolls are permitted. Swam/arched or twisting dive rolls are **prohibited**.
- B. Tumbling Standing
 - 1. Maximum one (1) flip is permitted
 - a. Zero (0) twists
 - b. Skill must be executed in a tuck position.

EXCEPTION: Aerial cartwheels and onodis is permitted

- c. Standing flips and back handspring flip are permitted
- d. Flips connected to a jump are prohibited.
- 2. Tumbling after flipping, aerial cartwheel or onodi is **prohibited**.
- C. Tumbling Running
 - 1. Maximum one (1) flip and zero (0) twists permitted.

EXCEPTION: Aerial cartwheels and onodis are permitted.

Level 4 Stunts

- A. Stunts Spotters
 - 1. Spotter is mandatory for each flyer above prep level.
 - 2. Single based stunts with more than one flyer require a spotter for each flyer. (i.e. One Spotter per one flyer)
- B. Stunts General
 - 1. Minimum one (1) base must remain in contact with the flyer during transitions.

EXCEPTION: See release moves

2. A stunt, pyramid, or athlete cannot travel over or under another stunt, pyramid, athlete or prop. This refers to an athlete's torso or head moving over or under the torso or head of another athlete, not their arms or legs.

EXCEPTION: Athlete is permitted to move under a stunt, or stunt permitted to move over athlete

- C. Stunts Level
 - 1. Single leg extended stunts are permitted
 - 2. Extended single leg flyers are **prohibited** from connecting to any other extended single leg flyers
- D. Stunts Twisting
 - 1. Maximum 1 1/2 twists allowed
 - 2. Twisting into an extended position is permitted but:
 - a. Maximum ½ twist is permitted
 - b. If the twist is more than ½ and up to one (1) twist flyer must land in two-leg stunt, platform position or liberty. No body positions can be hit directly after the twist. A clear and visible stop is required at extended platform position and/or liberty before hitting body position.

E. Stunts - Release Moves

- 1. Release moves are **prohibited** from:
 - a. Traveling through or end inverted
 - b. Travel above the extended arm level of the bases.

 If the distance is more than the length of the flyer's legs, it is required to follow toss or dismount
 - rules.c. **Prohibited** from encountering other flyers in separate release skills/moves
- 2. Release moves that end in the extended position are required:
 - a. Start at waist level or below
 - b. Prohibited from twisting or flipping
- 3. Release moves from an extended position prohibit a twist
- 4. Release moves that end in non-upright positions require:
 - a. Three (3) catchers for a multi-based stunt
 - b. Two (2) catchers for a single-based sunt
- 5. Release moves from inverted to non-inverted position require:
 - a. Inverted at the bottom of dip
 - b. Prohibit a twist
 - c. If landing at prep level or higher a spotter is required
- 6. Helicopters are permitted with:
 - a. Maximum 180 degree rotation
 - b. 0 Twists
 - c. Caught by 3 catchers, one of the catchers must be in position at the flyers head and shoulder area.

F. Stunts - Inversions

- 1. Levels
 - a. Extended inverted stunts are permitted
- 2. Downward inversions
 - a. Three (3) catchers required

EXCEPTION: Downward inversions that do not travel above waist level do not require three (3) catchers

- b. Two (2) of the catchers are required to be in contact with the waist to shoulder region of the flyer
- c. Remain in contact with an original base

EXCEPTION: Downward inversions that rotate to the side are permitted to lose contact with the flyer when it becomes necessary.

- d. **Prohibited** to encounter other downward inversions
- e. Prep Level and below downward inversions are permitted but:
 - i. Cannot travel above prep level and then invert below prep level
- f. Two leg pancake stunts:
 - i. Required to start at shoulder level or below
 - ii. Permitted to immediately travel through extended level position
 - iii. **Prohibited** to stop or end inverted
- g. Extended inverted stunts (ex: handstand) can be lowered to shoulder level and must begin from an extended inverted stunt (does not include traveling thru extended). The lowering over the extended inverted position must be controlled.

Level 4 Pyramids

A. Pyramids - General

- 1. A stunt, pyramid, or athlete cannot travel over or under another stunt, pyramid, athlete or prop.

 This refers to an athlete's torso or head moving over or under the torso or head of another athlete, not their arms or legs.
- 2. Flyer is **prohibited** to invert over or under the head/torso of another flyer in any situation
- 3. An athlete is permitted to move under a stunt, or stunt permitted to move over athlete
- 4. Extended level single leg stunts are **prohibited** from being supported by any other extended level single leg stunts
- B. Pyramids Twisting
 - 1. Twisting into and out of an extended level is permitted up to 1 ½ twists
 - a. Athlete support connection required prep level or below
 - b. Athlete support connection must stay in contact throughout the entire transition
- C. Pyramids Inversions
 - Must follow Level 4 Stunt inversion rules
- D. Pyramids Release moves
 - 1. During transition (pyramid section), the flyer is permitted to travel above two (2) high and perform:
 - a. Maximum 1 1/2 twists
 - b. Non-Inverted release skills
 - c. Non-inverted release skills are permitted to change bases if:
 - i. When the transition begins catchers cannot be not involved in any other skill, stunt, choreography.
 - 2. Connection to one (1) athlete support is required at prep level or below
 - 3. Connection must remain with the same athlete support until the flyer makes contact with a base on the performance floor
 - 4. Flyer is permitted to travel over another flyer while connected to that flyer at prep level or below
 - 5. Minimum of Two (2) catchers required (one spotter, one catcher minimum)
 - a. Catchers must be stationary
 - b. Catchers must remain in visual contact with the flyer throughout the entire transition
 - 6. Release moves cannot be connected/supported to flyers above prep level.
- E. Pyramids Release Moves with Athlete Supported Inversions (included supported flips) Permitted if:
 - 1. Constant contact with two (2) athlete supports at prep level or below
 - 2. Constant contact with the same athlete supports until contact is made with base on the performance floor
 - 3. Supported on two (2) separate sides (right side-left side, left side front side, etc) by two (2) different athlete supports
 - 4. Supported on two (2) of the four (4) sides of flyer (front,back,right, left)
 - 5. Maximum 1-1/4 flip rotation and zero (0) twists
 - 6. Does not change bases
 - 7. Release move is a continuous movement
 - 8. Three (3) catchers required
 - **EXCEPTION**: Athlete supported flips that land in an upright position at prep level or above must have minimum of one (1) catcher and two (2) spotters
 - a. All catchers/spotters are required to be stationary

- b. All catchers/spotters are required to be in constant visual contact with flyer throughout the transition
- c. When the transition begins catchers cannot be not involved in any other skill, stunt, choreography.
- 9. Does not move/travel downward while inverted
- 10. Does not come in contact with other stunt/pyramid release moves.
- 11. It is not supported/connected to flyers above prep level

Level 4 Dismounts

A. Dismounts - General

- 1. Maximum 2 skills/tricks permitted during dismount
- 2. Maximum 21/4 twists permitted from any two-leg stunt
- 3. Maximum 11/4 twists permitted from a platform position
- 4. Maximum 11/4 twists permitted from any single leg stunt
- 5. Dismounts from inverted positions are prohibited from twisting

B. Dismounts to Cradles

- 1. A twist is the only skill permitted in the dismount if the twist exceeds 1½ up to 2½ twists.
- 2. Cradling single based stunts with more than one flyer must:
 - a. Have 2 catchers per each flyer
 - b. Before the start of the dismount all catchers and bases must be stationary.

Level 4 Tosses

A. Tosses - General

- 1. Maximum two (2) skills permitted
- 2. Maximum 21/4 twists permitted

CHAMPIONSHIPS

TM

LEVEL 5

These rules are level specific and in additional to the General Rules.

Level 5 Tumbling

- A. Tumbling General
 - 1. Dive rolls are permitted. Swam/arched or twisting dive rolls are prohibited.
- B. Tumbling Standing Tumbling
 - 1. Maximum one (1) flip and 0 twists permitted
- C. Tumbling Running Tumbling
 - 1. Tumbling skills are permitted:
 - a. Maximum of one (1) flip and one (1) twist
 - b. Tumbling after the twisting skill is **prohibited**.
 - c. Must be immediately connected to a round off, back handspring(s) or front handsprings(s) **EXCEPTION**: Synchronous front flipping and twisting permitted from a running entry or front handspring
 - d. Full twisting skills require:
 - Both feet must land on the performance floor (no landing in prone, seated, etc) i.
 - Other tricks are prohibited ii.

Level 5 Stunts

- A. Stunts Spotters
 - 1. Spotter is mandatory for each flyer above prep level.
 - 2. Single based stunts with more than one flyer require a spotter for each flyer. (i.e One Spotter per one flyer)
- B. Stunts Levels
 - 1. Single leg extended level stunts are permitted HAMPIONSHIPS
- C. Stunts Twisting
 - 1. Maximum 21/4 twists permitted
 - 2. Maximum 1½ twists permitted if landing in an extended level two leg stunt
 - 3. Maximum of 1 twist permitted if landing in an extended single leg stunt
- D. Stunts Release Moves
 - 1. Release moves are **prohibited** if:
 - a. Travel through or end inverted
 - b. Release extends beyond 18 inches above the extended arm level of the bases If the distance is more than the length of the flyers legs plus an additional 18 inches, it is required to follow toss or dismount rules.
 - c. It is in contact with other flyers in separate release skills/moves
 - 2. Release moves that end in a non-upright position are required to:
 - a. Have three (3) catchers for a multi-based stunt
 - b. Have two (2) catchers for a single based sunt
 - 3. Release moves from inverted to non-inverted positions:
 - a. Required to be inverted at the bottom of the dip
 - b. **Prohibited** from twisting
 - c. If ending at prep level or higher a spotter is required.

- 4. Helicopters are permitted with:
 - a. Maximum 180 degree rotation
 - b. Caught by 3 catchers, one of the catchers must be in position at the flyers head and shoulder area
- E. Stunts Inversions
 - 1. Levels
 - a. Extended level inverted stunts permitted
 - 2. Downward inversions
 - a. Three (3) catchers required

EXCEPTION: Downward inversions that do not start or travel above waist level do not require three (3) catchers

- b. Two (2) of the catchers must be in contact with the waist to shoulder region of the flyer
- c. Connection must be made at the shoulder level and/or above of the bases
- d. Remain in contact with an original base

EXCEPTION: Downward inversions that rotate to the side are permitted to lose contact with the flyer when it becomes necessary.

- e. Prohibited to be in contact with other downward inversions
- f. Downward inversions are permitted from above prep level:
 - i. Cannot stop in an inverted position

EXCEPTION: An extended inverted stunt that is lowered controllably to prep level, traveling above prep level or from non-inverted extended to prep level inverted stunt must have at minimum one (1) base and one (1) spotter.

ii. Cannot end/land on or touch the ground while inverted

Level 5 Pyramids

- A. Pyramids Twisting
 - 1. Twisting into extended level is permitted up to 21/4 twists
 - a. Must be connected to support athlete at prep level or below
 - b. Connection to the support athlete must stay constant throughout the entire transition
- B. Pyramids Inversions
 - 1. Must follow level 5 stunt inversion rules
- C. Pyramids Release Moves
 - 1. During transition (pyramid section), the flyer may travel above two (2) high and perform:
 - a. Maximum 2 1/4 twists
 - b. Non-Inverted release skills
 - c. Non-inverted release skills permitted to change bases if:
 - When the transition begins catchers cannot be not involved in any other skill, stunt, choreography.
 - 2. Connected to one (1) support athlete at prep level or below
 - 3. Connection must remain with the same support athlete until contact is made with a base on the performance floor
 - 4. Required to be caught by at least two (2) catchers at minimum (one catcher, one spotter)
 - a. Both catchers must be stationary
 - b. All required catchers/spotters must be in constant visual contact with flyer throughout the entire transition
 - 5. Release moves are **prohibited** from being connected/supported to the flyer above prep level
- D. Release Moves with Athlete Supported Inversions (included supported flips)

Permitted if:

- 1. Remains in constant contact with one (1) athlete support at prep level or below
- 2. Remains in constant contact with the same athlete support until contact is made with base on the performance floor.
- 3. Maximum 11/4 flip and 0 twists
- 4. Permitted to change bases
- 5. Is in continuous movement
- 6. Three (3) catchers required

EXCEPTION: Flips that land in an upright position at prep level or above with an athlete support must have one (1) catcher or two (2) spotters at minimum.

- a. All required catchers/spotters must be stationary
- b. Constant visual contact with the flyer must be maintained by the catchers/spotters throughout the transition.
- c. When the transition begins catchers cannot be not involved in any other skill, stunt, choreography.
- 7. Inversion does not travel downward while inverted
- 8. Inversion does not come in contact with other stunt/pyramid release moves.
- 9. Inversion is not supported/connected to flyers above prep level

Level 5 Dismounts

A. Dismounts - General

- 1. Maximum 2 1/4 twists permitted
- 2. Maximum 3 tricks/skills permitted
- 3. The twist is the only skill that is permitted if dismount exceeds 1½ twists (Kick doubles are **prohibited**)
- 4. Dismounts from an inverted positions are prohibited from twisting

B. Dismounts to Cradles

- 1. When cradling single based stunts with more than one flyer
 - a. Two (2) catchers must catch each flyer
 - b. Catchers/bases must be stationary prior to the start of the dismount

Level 5 Tosses

A. Tosses - General

- 1. Maximum three (3) tricks/skills permitted
- 2. Maximum 21/2 twists permitted
- 3. The twist is the only skill permitted if toss exceeds 1½ twists (Kick doubles are **prohibited**)

PREP DIVISIONS

Rule differences from All Star Elite

- A. Maximum routine time limit is 2:00
- B. Tosses are **prohibited** (Includes sponge toss)
 - 1. All waist level cradles are prohibited

NOVICE DIVISIONS

- A. Maximum routine time limit is 1:30.
- B. Tosses are **prohibited** (includes sponge toss).
 - 1. All waist level cradles are **prohibited**.
- C. Teams are evaluated not scored. See Novice score sheets for rating system.
- D. Tumbling skills are permitted but not required. Tumbling skills will follow level rules.
- E. Level 1 Novice Rules (in addition to Level 1 Rules):
 - 1. Single leg stunts are permitted at waist level only.
 - 2. Two leg stunts are **prohibited** from traveling through an extended level position.
 - 3. Maximum 1/4 twists permitted. Level 1 Stunt Rule D4 is **prohibited**.
 - 4. Transitions to flat body/prone position are prohibited.
 - 5. Straight pop down dismounts are prohibited.
 - 6. Tiny Novice: All building skills are **prohibited**.
 - 7. Tiny Novice: Cartwheels and forward rolls are the only skills permitted.
- F. Level 2 Novice Rules (in addition to Level 2 Rules):
 - 1. Single leg stunts are prohibited from traveling through an extended level position
 - 2. Barrel/log rolls are prohibited.
- G. Level 3 Novice Rules (in addition to Level 3 Rules):
 - 1. Twisting stunts in and out of extended level single leg are prohibited.
 - 2. Multi-based suspended twisting rolls are prohibited.

INTERNATIONAL DIVISIONS

- A. All international divisions are required to have a minimum of 10 athletes when performing/competing.
- B. Male athletes are prohibited from exceeding $\frac{2}{3}$ of the total athletes on the coed team.
- C. Routine time limit is 2:30.

EXCEPTION: Non-Tumbling divisions: 2:00.

EXCEPTION: Global divisions: 3:30. Cheer = 30 seconds minimum, 40 seconds maximum, 20 seconds to transition for the music section. 2:30 maximum for the music section.

D. Non-Tumbling Division: tumbling is **prohibited**.

EXCEPTION: Forward rolls, handstands, cartwheels, and round offs are permitted for stunting skills or formation changes and required to follow level appropriate inversion rules.